Claims:

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1. Process for the preparation of compounds of the general formula

(I).

in which

 R^1 and R^2 are at each occurrence independently hydroxyl, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkoxy, halogen, phenyl or phenoxy;

 R^2 is hydroxyl, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkoxy, halogen, phenyl or phenoxy;

 R^3 is hydrogen or C_{1-6} -alkyl,

15 m is an integer from 0 to 4, and n is an integer from 0 to 5

characterized in that diketene is reacted with an N-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine of the general formula

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} R^2 \end{pmatrix}_n \qquad (II),$$

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in which R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , m and n have the meaning indicated above, in the presence of 3-40% strength acetic acid at temperatures from 20 to 100°C, preferably at 60 to 70°C.

- 2. Process according to Claim 1, where R^3 is C_{1-6} -alkyl.
- 3. Compounds of the general formula

$$\bigcap_{R^3} \bigcap_{(R^1)_m} (R^2)_n \qquad (I).$$

in which R^1 , R^2 , m and n have the meaning indicated in claim 1 and R^3 is $C_{1\dot{-}6}$ -alkyl.

5 4. Compounds of the general formula

$$(R^{2})_{n}$$

$$(R^{2})_{n}$$

in which R^1 , R^2 , m and n have the meaning indicated in claim 1 and R^3 is C_{1-6} -alkyl.

5. Process for the preparation of compounds of the general formula

$$(III),$$

$$(R^2)_n$$

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in which R^1 , R^2 , m and n have the meaning indicated in claim 1 and R^3 is C_{1-6} -alkyl characterized in that a compound of the general formula

$$\bigcap_{\substack{N \\ R^3}} \bigcap_{\substack{(R^1)_m}} (R^2)_n \tag{1}.$$

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in which R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , m and n have the meaning indicated above, is reacted with ammonia.

6. Compounds of the general formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
NH_2 & O \\
\hline
 & \\
R^3
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
(R^1)_m \\
\end{array}$$

$$(IV).$$

- 5 in which R^1 , R^2 , m and n have the meaning indicated in claim 1 and R^3 is C_{1-6} -alkyl.
 - 7. Process for the preparation of compounds of the general formula

$$NH_{2} O (R^{1})_{m}$$

$$(IV),$$

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in which R^1 , R^2 , m and n have the meaning indicated in claim 1 and R^3 is C_{1-6} -alkyl characterized in that a compound of the general formula

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$$(R^2)_n$$

$$(R^2)_n$$

in which R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , m and n have the meaning indicated above, is catalytically hydrogenated.